# **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## **SECTION 1:** General Product and Company Information

CONTINENTAL MATERIALS, INC. 1614 OLD YORK ROAD ABINGTON, PA 19001

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CREATION DATE OF DATA SHEET: 8-14-13

PRODUCT NAME: CMI ALL-WEATHER APP 160 SMOOTH, CMI ALL-WEATHER APP 180 GRANULATED TRADE NAME: MODIFIED BITUMEN - ROLL ROOFING

SECTION 2: Information on Ingredients						
CHEMICAL NAME	CAS#	% (BY WT)	OSHA	ACGIH	OTHER	
OXIDIZED ASPHALT	64742-93-4	40-45	NE	0.5 mg/m3 (inhalable fraction, as benzene-soluble aerosol)	5 mg/m3 - ceiling (15 min. fumes)	
GRANULES	-	~30	NE	NE	NE	
LIMESTONE	1317-65-3	~15	5MG/M3 resp. 15mg/m3 total	3mg/m3 resp. 10mg/m3 total	REL: 5 mg/m3 resp. total	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	0-4	15mg/m3 total	10mg/m3 total	lotai	
SILICA, CRYSTALINE QUARTZ	14808-60-7	0.1-1	10mg/m3 / (% SiO2 + 2) resp.	0.025 mg/m3	REL: 5 mg/m3 resp.	
NE = Not Establishe	d					

## **SECTION 3: Health Hazard Data**

PRIMARY ROTE OF EXPOSURE:

Occasional nuisance dust, Inhalation

## SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

EYES:	May cause irritation to the eyes.
SKIN:	May cause irritation to the skin.
INGESTION:	This product is not intended to be ingested. If ingested, it may cause temporary irritation to the gastrointestinal (digestive) tract.
INHALATION:	May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.

**ACCUTE HEALTH HAZARDS:** NIOSH has found that studies of workers exposed to asphalt fumes have repeatedly found irritation of the serous membranes of the conjunctivae (eye irritation) and mucous membranes of the upper respiratory tract (nasal and throat irritation).

**CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS:** Studies in humans have found that exposure to respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause silicosis, a fibrous (scarring) of the lungs. Silicosis is a serious and irreversible disease; it may be progressive even after exposure has ceased; it can lead to disability and death. Human studies also have found that silicosis is a risk factor for tuberculosis, and that occupational exposure to respirable crystalline silica is

associated with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, including bronchitis and emphysema. Some studies show excess numbers of cases of scleroderma, connective tissue disorders, lupus, rheumatoid arthritis, chronic kidney diseases and end-stage kidney disease in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica.

**CARCINOGENICITY:** IARC has determined that occupational exposure to oxidized asphalt and its emissions is probably carcinogenic (Group 2A). IARC concluded that available data from cancer studies in humans points to an association between exposures to oxidized asphalts during roofing and lung cancer and tumors in the upper aerodigestive tract. In addition, IARC found sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals for extracts and fume condensates of oxidized asphalts.

NIOSH has concluded that the collective data from human, animal, genotoxicity and exposure studies provide sufficient evidence that roofing asphalt fumes are a potential occupational carcinogen.

Occupational exposure to respirable crystalline silica is classified as a known carcinogen in humans. IARC has determined that respirable crystalline silica is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1), based on findings of sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in both humans and experimental animals. NTP has classified respirable crystalline silica as a known human carcinogen based on sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity from studies in humans indicating a causal relationship between occupational exposure to respirable crystalline silica and increased lung cancer rates. NIOSH has determined that respirable silica is a potential occupational carcinogen.

IARC had determined that occupational exposure to Titanium Dioxide is possibly a carcinogen to humans (Group 2B). IARC concluded lung tumors were observed in rats following high dose exposure by inhalation and in female rats exposed by intra-tracheal installation. Other studies have shown no tumors in rats following inhalation exposure and no tumors in mice or rats following oral exposure.

#### **SECTION 4: First Aid Measures**

#### FIRST AID MEASURES:

Eye Contact:	Hold eyelids open and wash with gentle stream of water for at least 15 minutes preferably at an eyewash fountain.
<u>Skin Contact</u> :	<b>Hot Material</b> – Immediately drench or immerse the affected area in water to assist in cooling. Apply ice cold water or ice packs to burned area. <b>Do Not</b> use iced water or ice packs if the area of burn covers more than 10% of the body as it may contribute to shock. <b>Do Not</b> try to remove the asphalt from the affected area after it has cooled. Get immediate medical attention. Medical personnel will be able to soften and remove the cooled asphalt
Inhalation:	with petroleum jelly or mineral oil. <b>Cold Material</b> – Clean exposed skin with mild soap and water. If skin irritation continues, call a medical doctor. If respiratory symptoms develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into
Ingestion:	fresh air. If symptoms persist seek medical attention. Not expected to be ingested.

#### **SECTION 5:** Fire and Explosion Hazard Info and Data

 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:
 Use water spray, CO2, dry chemical or foam.

 UNSUITABLE MEDIA:
 Do Not use water directly on asphalt fires as it may cause violent

 eruptions and the spread of hot asphalt.
 SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: NIOSH-approved self contained breathing apparatus is

 recommended for smoke protection.
 UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: N/A

 HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION BYPRODUCTS:
 Primary combustion byproducts are carbon monoxide, and carbon dioxide.

#### **SECTION 6:** Accidental Release Measures

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES: Pick up large pieces. Avoid creating dusts during clean up.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and Storage**

**HANDLING:** Appropriate personal protective equipment should be worn handling this material especially when hot.

**STORAGE:** Store packaged asphalt in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from sources of heat and incompatible materials. Keep away from heat, sparks or open flame.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection**

ENGINEERING CONTROLS/ VENTILLATION:	N/A
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:	N/A under normal use conditions. In circumstances where dust or fumes are generated and may exceed allowable exposure levels, appropriate NIOSH approved respiratory protection is recommended.
EYE PROTECTION:	Wear safety glasses with side shields.
SKIN PROTECTION:	Cotton or leather gloves are recommended when handling.
WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES:	Wash exposed skin prior to eating, drinking or smoking and at end of work shift.
EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:	These products should be handled using methods and techniques that minimize or eliminate dust or fume generation.

## **SECTION 9: Physical Data**

APPERARANCE & ODOR		Thin Black sheet in roll form. may be surfaced with granules, talc, sand or film. Slight asphalt odor.			
FLASH POINT:	>500°F		LOWER EXPOSURE LIMIT:	No Data	
METHOD USED:	C.O.C.		UPPER EXPOSURE LIMIT:	No Data	
EVAPORATION RATE:	No Data		BOILING POINT:	No Data	
pH (undiluted product):	No Data		MELTING POINT:	No Data	
SOLUBILITY IN WATER:	No Data		SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	No Data	
VAPOR DENSITY:	No Data		PERCENT VOLATILE:	No Data	
VAPOR PRESSURE:	No	Data	MOLECULAR WT:	No Data	
VOC WITH WATER (LBS/GAL):	No Data		WITHOUT WATER (LBS/GAL)	No Data	

## **SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity Data**

THERMAL STABILITY:Stable underCONDITIONS TO AVOID:None known.INCOMPATIBILITY (material to avoid):None known.HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:Does not occHAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:None known.

Stable under normal conditions None known. None known. Does not occur. None known.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological Information** 

TOXICALOGICAL INFORMATION:	None available for this product. See section 3.				
SECTION 12: Ecological Information					
ENVIRONMENTAL:	No data available for this material.				
SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations					
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:	This product, as supplied, is not regulated as a hazardous waste by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) under Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) regulations. Comply with state and local disposal regulations.				
RCRA HAZARD CLASS:	None				
SECTION 14: Transport Information					
U.S. DOT TRANSPORTATION:					
PROPER SHIPPING N	AME: N/A				
HAZARD CLASS:	N/A				
. ID NUMBER:	N/A				
PACKING GROUP:	N/A				
	N/A				
SECTION 15: Regulatory Information	NA				
U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:					
TSCA:	This product and its components are listed on the TSCA 8(b)				
CERCLA:	None				
SARA:					
311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES: 313 REPORTABLE INGREDIENTS:	None. None.				

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:

This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Other state regulations may apply. Check individual state requirements. The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Chemical Name	CAS#	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Oxidized Asphalt	64742-93-4	No	No	No	No	No	No
Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Limestone	1317-65-3	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

## **SECTION 16: Other Information**

#### MSDS REVISION DATE: NEW August 2013

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